

Answers

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| 1. B (1 mark) | 2. E (1 mark) |
| 3. B (1 mark) | 4. B (1 mark) |
| 5. A (1 mark) | 6. D (1 mark) |
| 7. A (1 mark) | 8. B, E (1 mark if both correct) |
| 9. D (1 mark) | 10. C (1 mark) |
| 11. B (1 mark) | 12. C (1 mark) |
| 13. C (1 mark) | 14. A, C (1 mark if both correct) |
| 15. A (1 mark) | 16. C (1 mark) |
| 17. E (1 mark) | 18. A (1 mark) |
| 19. C (1 mark) | 20. A, C (1 mark if both correct) |
| 21. A, E (1 mark if both correct) | 22. B (1 mark) |
| 23. D (1 mark) | 24. C (1 mark) |
| 25. B, D (1 mark if both correct) | 26. B (1 mark) |
| 27. A (1 mark) | 28. B, D (1 mark if both correct) |
| 29. B (1 mark) | 30. B (1 mark) |
| 31. A, B (1 mark if both correct) | 32. A, B (1 mark if both correct) |
| 33. D, E (1 mark if both correct) | 34. C (1 mark) |
| 35. A, B, D (3 marks) | |

For each question, the maximum number of maximum marks available is shown above.

1. No negative marking.
2. For questions with two correct options, both must be selected to gain marks; selecting only one or more than two results in zero marks.
3. For questions with a range of possible correct answers (2, 3, or 4), the approach does not require all correct answers to score marks, but selecting all five options results in zero marks. A partial marking method is used where:
 - Each correct answer selected earns 1 mark.
 - For example, if a question has three correct answers (A, B, C):
 - Selecting 1 correct answer (A) would earn 1 mark.
 - Selecting 2 correct answers (A, B) would earn 2 marks.
 - Selecting all 3 correct answers (A, B, C) would earn full marks (3 marks).